IN THE CLAIMS

1. (Currently Amended) A method comprising:

receiving a request to establish a<u>n end-to-end network</u> communication session between a subscriber unit in a wireless communication system and a data network access server through a basestation; and

selectively generating a communication session identifier to uniquely identify the communication session from a plurality of communication sessions supported by the network access server to enable mobility management an enhanced point-to-point communication protocol within the a point-to-point communication session between the basestation and the network access server.

- (Original) A method according to claim 1, further comprising:
 determining, at the network access server, whether the received request is a request for a
 new communication session or a handoff of an existing communication session.
- 3. (Original) A method according to claim 2, wherein generation of the selectively generating a communication session identifier is selectively performed further comprises generating a communication session identifier if the received request is a request for a new communication session and no communication session identifier is included in the request.
- 4. (Original) A method according to claim 2, wherein determining comprises:

analyzing attribute-value pair(s) (AVP) of the received incoming call request to identify a callType AVP; and

identifying the **incoming call received** request as a request for a new communication session if the callType AVP is absent from the incoming call request, or **if** an identified callType AVP associated with the **incoming call received** request denotes a new call.

- 5. (Original) A method according to claim 1, wherein selectively generating the communication session identifier comprises:
- composing a deterministic element of the communication session identifier; composing a random element of the communication session identifier; and employing a mathematical function to generate the communication session identifier using the deterministic element and the random element.
- 6. (Original) A method according to claim 5, wherein the deterministic element is comprised of one or more of an electronic serial number (ESN) of the accessing subscriber unit, a media access control (MAC) address of the subscriber unit, and/or a telephone number associated with the subscriber unit.
- 7. (Original) A method according to claim 5, wherein the random element is comprised of one or more of a pseudo-random number, and/or a true random number generated from radio frequency (RF) energy of thermal noise associated with the communication session.

- 8. (Currently Amended) A method according to claim 5, wherein the <u>mathematical</u> function employed concatenates the deterministic element and the random element to generate the communication session identifier.
- 9. (Currently Amended) A method according to claim 5, wherein the <u>mathematical</u> function employed generates a hash of the deterministic element and the random element to generate the communication session identifier.
- 10. (Currently Amended) An article of manufacture comprising:

<u>a</u> machine accessible storage medium <u>eomprising having stored therein</u> a plurality of executable instructions which, when executed by an accessing computing device, <u>implement the method according to claim 1 cause an electronic system to:</u>

receive a request to establish an end-to-end network communication session between
a subscriber unit in a wireless communication system and a data network access server
through a first basestation; and

selectively generate a communication session identifier to uniquely identify the

communication session from a plurality of communication sessions supported by the

network access server to enable an enhanced point-to-point communication protocol within
a point-to-point communication session between the basestation and the network access
server.

11. (Currently Amended) An apparatus comprising:

a network interface, to receive a request for a point to point an end-to-end network communication session between a wireless communication system subscriber unit and the apparatus through a basestation; and

a communications agent, to selectively generate a communication session identifier to uniquely identify the <u>network</u> communication session from a plurality of communication sessions supported by the apparatus to enable <u>mobility management within the an enhanced</u> <u>point-to-point communication protocol within a point-to-point communication session</u> between the basestation and the network access server.

- 12. (Original) An apparatus according to claim 11, wherein the communications agent determines whether the received request is a request for a new communication session or a handoff of an existing communication session.
- 13. (**Currently Amended**) An apparatus according to claim 11, wherein <u>the</u> communications agent comprises:

a session identification generator, selectively invoked by <u>the</u> communications agent, to dynamically generate a communication session identifier including at least a deterministic element and a random element.

14. (Currently Amended) An apparatus according to claim 13, wherein <u>the</u> communications agent analyzes attribute-value pair(s) (AVP) of a received incoming call request control command to identify a callType AVP to determine whether <u>the an</u> incoming call request indicates a new communication session or a handoff of an existing communication session.

- 15. (Currently Amended) An apparatus according to claim 14, wherein the communications agent selectively invokes the communication session identification generator if the callType AVP denotes a newCall call type new call, or if the callType AVP is not identified within the incoming call request control command.
- 16. (Original) An apparatus according to claim 13, wherein the session identification generator composes the deterministic element using one or more of an electronic serial number (ESN) of the accessing subscriber unit, a media access control (MAC) address of the subscriber unit, and/or a telephone number of the subscriber unit.
- 17. (Original) An apparatus according to claim 13, wherein the session identification generator composes the random element of the session identifier utilizing a pseudo-random number generator.
- 18. (Original) An apparatus according to claim 13, wherein the session identification generator composes the random element of the session identifier by generating a true random number from radio frequency (RF) thermal noise.
- 19. (Original) An apparatus according to claim 13, wherein the session identification generator composes a session identifier for the communication session by computing a function of one or more of at least the deterministic element and/or the random element.

- 20. (Currently Amended) A machine accessible medium having stored therein a plurality of executable instructions which, when executed by an accessing machine, implement a communications agent to receive a request from a wireless communication system subscriber unit through a basestation for a point-to-point communication session with the accessing machine and to selectively generate a communication session identifier to uniquely identify the point-to-point communication session from one or more of a plurality of communication sessions supported by the accessing machine, and to enable mobility management an enhanced point-to-point communication protocol within the point-to-point communication session between the basestation and the accessing machine.
- 21. (Original) A machine accessible medium according to claim 20, wherein the medium is a storage device.
- 22. (Original) A machine accessible medium according to claim 20, wherein the medium is a propagated signal.
- 23. (Original) A machine accessible medium according to claim 20, wherein the communications agent generates the session identifier upon determining that an incoming call request is for a new communication session and not a handoff of an existing communication session.

24. (Original) A machine accessible medium according to claim 23, wherein the communications agent dynamically generates a unique session identifier including a deterministic element and a random element.

25. (New) A method comprising:

receiving a request to establish an end-to-end network communication session between a subscriber unit in a wireless communication system and a data network access server through a first basestation;

determining whether the request includes a recognized communication session identifier (ID), an unrecognized communication session ID, or no communication session ID;

handing over an existing communication session to the first basestation from a second basestation if a recognized session ID is included in the request;

generating a new session ID if a communication session ID is not included in the request; and

creating a new communication session between the subscriber unit and the data network access server through the first basestation when a new session ID is generated or identified.

26. (New) The method of claim 25, wherein a recognized session ID is included in the request when both a deterministic element and a random element of a session ID are included in the request and both the deterministic element and the random element are matched with values stored in a data management structure.

- 27. (New) The method of claim 25, wherein an unrecognized session ID is included in the request when both a deterministic element and a random element of a session ID are included in the request but at least one of the deterministic element and the random element is not matched with a value stored in a data management structure.
- 28. (New) The method of claim 25, further comprising:

determining whether an unrecognized session ID in the request identifies a new session or a zombie session.

29. (New) The method of claim 28, wherein determining whether an unrecognized session ID in the request identifies a new session or a zombie session comprises:

identifying a new session if both a deterministic element and a random element of an unrecognized session ID are compared against values stored in a data management structure and there are no matches; and

identifying a zombie session if a deterministic element of the session ID matches a value stored in a data management structure and a random element of the session ID does not match any values stored in the data management structure.

30. (New) The method of claim 25, wherein creating a new communication session comprises:

identifying at a network access point a received request for a new communication session from the first basestation;

storing the session ID in a data management structure;

31. (New) The method of claim 30, wherein identifying the received request for the new communication session from the first basestation comprises:

analyzing attribute value pair(s) (AVP) of the received request to identify a callType AVP; and

identifying the received request as a request for a new communication session if the callType AVP is absent from the request or if an identified callType AVP associated with the request denotes a new call.